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2	APPEARANCES
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4	COMMISSIONERS: Christopher Cook - Chairman
5	Troy G. Crowther (via videoconference) John Collier
6	Also present:
7	Kathy Easly Anna Vickrey
8	Lynn Hettrick Kim Whitfield (via videoconference)
9	Harry Ward, Deputy AG Patricia Hoppe (via videoconference)
10	Dave Coon (via videoconference) Al Trace
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2	RENO, NEVADA, THURSDAY, MAY 19, 2016, 1:00 P.M.
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4	COMMISSIONER COOK: Let's go ahead and convene
5	the May meeting of the Nevada State Dairy Commission.
6	Would you open the proceedings, Mr. Hettrick?
7	MR. HETTRICK: Yes, sir, Mr. Chairman. This is
8	the time and place set for the regularly scheduled
9	meeting of the Nevada State Dairy Commission for the
10	month of May, 2016. This meeting has been scheduled and
11	noticed in compliance with the pertinent statutes,
12	including the open meeting law.
13	A copy of the agenda has been handed to the
14	court reporter with the request that it be a part of the
15	official transcript of these proceedings.
16	My name is Lynn Hettrick, Deputy Director for
17	the Department of Agriculture. Present today are Mr.
18	Christopher Cook, Chairman, Mr. Troy G. Crowther, member
19	of the Commission, Mr. John Collier, member of the
20	Commission.
21	Those who present statements or evidence to the
22	Commission during this meeting are requested to first be
23	acknowledged by the Chairman and to identify themselves
24	for the record.
25	First item on the agenda, Mr. Chairman, is

1	public comment and discussion.
2	COMMISSIONER COOK: We have an opportunity for
3	any members of the public to address the Commission.
4	There will be another one at the end of the meeting. If
5	anybody wants to say anything, now is the time to say
6	it, or you'll have a chance probably in about five
7	minutes judging by the agenda.
8	Let's move on to the second item, please.
9	MR. HETTRICK: Next item on the agenda for
10	possible action is approval of the minutes, Mr.
11	Chairman. There are minor changes to the minutes and it
12	would be none that are of consequence, so it would be
13	appropriate to accept a motion to adopt the minutes as
14	corrected.
15	COMMISSIONER COOK: Okay. I'll entertain a
16	motion.
17	MR. COLLIER: Mr. Chairman, I move that we
18	accept the minutes as corrected.
19	MR. CROWTHER: Second.
20	COMMISSIONER COOK: Having a motion and a
21	second and no dissenting votes, the minutes are adopted
22	and will become part of the record.
23	MR. HETTRICK: Next on the agenda, Mr.
24	Chairman, is a discussion of the NAC 584 proposed
25	changes. Immediately preceding this meeting at noon

1	today, we held the final hearing on the proposed changes
2	to the NAC and these changes, or the final adopted
3	version of the proposed changes was discussed multiple
4	times, modified according to input from industry, and
5	was the version that was approved and recently reviewed
6	by the Commission.
7	We didn't notice that for adoption today, so we
8	will notice that for final adoption by the Commission
9	next month.
10	COMMISSIONER COOK: Okay.
11	MR. HETTRICK: So unless there are questions in
12	regard to the regulations that we will propose for
13	adoption next month, we're ready to move on.
14	COMMISSIONER COOK: Okay.
15	MR. HETTRICK: No? Okay.
16	Next on the agenda, Mr. Chairman, is the staff
17	report. In your packets, you should all have a copy of
18	the prices as they existed when we printed these out
19	today. Prices continue to be low, less than production
20	costs, I believe, so obviously we've got a lot of
21	unhappy dairymen, but they have to have cash flow so
22	they continue to produce milk and that's kind of the way
23	it is. Any questions about prices?
24	COMMISSIONER COOK: Any rumblings about herd
25	reductions going on?

1	MR. HETTRICK: Have you heard anything, Anna?
2	MS VICKREY: No.
3	MR. TRACE: Al Trace, Dairy Farmers of America.
4	No. Actually, the farmers always try to make more milk.
5	We talked about that last month.
6	When the price is down, they make more milk for
7	cash flow and then when the price is up, they make more
8	money and try to put the money in the bank and catch up,
9	but to your point, no, not in Nevada. In California
10	we've had a lot of people exiting the business, but
11	Nevada specific, we don't have no talk, we're still
12	trying to grow.
13	COMMISSIONER COOK: The plant is operating?
14	MR. TRACE: Uh-huh, it's doing well.
15	COMMISSIONER COOK: We'll get back to that I'm
16	sure during the public comment section.
17	Okay, press on.
18	MR. HETTRICK: You've got a copy of the budget.
19	We can have Kimberly address that if you'd like. We
20	continue to project that we will have an increasing
21	reserve which we are continuing to try to reduce in
22	compliance with the State policy regarding reserves, and
23	that brings me to the final thing I have on the staff
24	report and that is that we will be purchasing some
25	additional equipment to enhance our capabilities within
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1	the dairy lab, the feeder nutrition lab, primarily
2	adding capability for pathogens and some of the things
3	that are in cheese and the like.
4	As we move forward with the Food Safety
5	Modernization Act, some of those things are going to
6	become more important. We're going to have to be doing
7	some of those, and parts of that will carry over in our
8	ability to do some of the medical marijuana testing that
9	we're also doing out of that laboratory.
10	Anna, you might like to comment on some of what
11	you're doing there.
12	MS. VICKREY: Yes. We've kind of stepped back
13	and thought where do we want to go with our lab, and so
14	we have a two year plan and we put these items into the
15	budget for fiscal '18 and '19.
16	We're looking at purchasing a TCR system and
17	that will help us differentiate pathogenic and
18	non-pathogenic strains of pathogens. That's a very
19	expensive piece of equipment. It's around \$36,000, but
20	if we want to do it properly and be able to trace back
21	any potential illnesses associated with any products,
22	we'll be able to do that.
23	We're also purchasing a fluorometer which will
24	help with the quantification of mycotoxins in milk and
25	dairy products. That's around a \$5000 price tag, and to

1	store some of the pathogens, we're going to need an
2	ultra low freezer, so that's about \$5000.
3	We're also going to need an autoclave for the
4	disposal of our biological wastes. That's going to run
5	around \$12,000, and we're going to be purchasing a
6	cryoscope which will assist us in looking for added
7	water in dairy products. It's not just on a raw milk
8	basis, but it will help us within our processing
9	facilities. If we have pipelines that are not draining
10	properly or sanitizers that are left in the pipelines,
11	we can kind of go in and help isolate those areas.
12	In addition to this, we're looking at the
13	utilization of more space. So currently we have the
14	three offices that are in the lab. We're going to need
15	those offices to be able to put some more of this
16	equipment in, too, because we're also looking at a
17	possible new set of incubators in there as well, so that
18	will eat up a little bit of our reserves, but I think we
19	still have to keep a really good eye on them and in the
20	future we may have to reduce those assessments again, so
21	just keep that in mind.
22	COMMISSIONER COOK: Any discussion about what
23	product we would target for assessment reductions?
24	MR. HETTRICK: Not at this time. I think that
25	we did the fluid milk, as you well know. You folks
	Dana International IIC

1	voted to reduce the fluid milk which is the major one
2	for our local production people, our local community
3	which is what we wanted to do.
4	Most of what's left, we do a little ice cream,
5	but most of what's left is actually coming from outside
6	the state.
7	COMMISSIONER COOK: We've eliminated fluid
8	milk, right?
9	MR. HETTRICK: Yes, totally.
10	COMMISSIONER COOK: And butter?
11	MR. HETTRICK: Butter, we didn't make any
12	butter here anyway, so yes, we eliminated that as well,
13	so yes, we're down to products, yogurt which isn't
14	produced here in any quantity, ice cream, and cottage
15	cheese. Pretty much all of what we're doing right now,
16	those are the major ones, and we're essentially taxing
17	our neighbors and anything we reduce tax-wise now is
18	going to benefit our neighbors.
19	MS. VICKREY: Well, we do have the large
20	Unilever ice cream plant in Henderson that would help
21	them and they're an in-state processor.
22	Other than that, the only other potential is
23	the reduction in yogurt assessments themselves. Not
24	eliminating them, but maybe bringing the percentage of
25	what we're collecting down.

1	MR. HETTRICK: It's the biggest single source
2	of income, as you can see, and it's also grown. It's
3	probably going to continue to grow, so that may be one
4	we look at in the future, but we probably do ice cream
5	first because that's one that will benefit a company in
6	Nevada.
7	COMMISSIONER COOK: That's the yogurt is the
8	only area of dairy product that's actually experiencing
9	growth sales, right?
10	MS. VICKREY: Correct.
11	MR. HETTRICK: In terms of fluid milk, but
12	actually when you look at your income sheet there, ice
13	cream is up slightly in assessment and because of it,
14	there has to be more sales.
15	Cottage cheese is up very slightly in
16	assessment. The prior year assessments and those things
17	are anomalies. Dairy permit fees, we're going to see a
18	little of that because we've got, of course, the new
19	dairy and we've got people building we were just talking
20	about, so they're paying some fees for the inspection
21	and approval of their plans and things like that.
22	We'll see some of that over the next few years
23	as we continue to grow until we reach capacity and then
24	that will probably level off, but those are small
25	numbers relative. Those aren't numbers that affect us
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1	significantly. The real numbers that are applying to
2	anything right now are ice cream and yogurt, so that's
3	where we sit there. That's basically all I have, and I
4	better get back to here.
5	So unless people have questions or comments in
6	regard to those things, the next thing I have is item
7	number five on the agenda, Mr. Chairman, which is
8	consideration of any other matters relating to the dairy
9	industry.
10	COMMISSIONER COOK: Well, I saw a picture out
11	front at the receptionist desk of what looks like our
12	trailer with the cows.
13	MR. HETTRICK: That was at the World Ag Expo.
14	Anna was there this time, along with Russ Wilhelm and
15	Jesse as I recall.
16	MS. VICKREY: Yes, and I took the picture.
17	MR. HETTRICK: And we are pushing to include a
18	new trailer and a cow in the south. That's being worked
19	on in the budget process and that will be another
20	attempt to reduce this reserve and show them that we're
21	trying to spend money and still educate people on dairy
22	and all those things, so we're working on that.
23	What else? I can't think of anything else.
24	MS. VICKREY: One other thing, with the
25	purchase of the trailer, we're also looking at

1	purchasing a person to be able to manage and pull that
2	trailer around and work with the schools to set
3	everybody up. We're looking at more of a full-time
4	person to do that because we believe we could actually
5	utilize that, especially in the Las Vegas area for the
6	schools.
7	MR. COLLIER: So how do you purchase a person?
8	MR. HETTRICK: The way the State system works,
9	that's the way it feels.
10	COMMISSIONER COOK: Would that be somebody that
11	would be specifically assigned to do Dairy Commission
12	work, or would that be a public information officer type
13	person that's general Department of Ag?
14	MS. VICKREY: Well, we're still looking at that
15	to see. If we utilize the trailer, do we just keep it
16	as dairy, or can we incorporate more of the Department
17	of Agriculture into that program? And if that happens,
18	then we would do a cost share on purchasing that
19	employee, and I mean purchasing it because I have to
20	justify that person, so that's the way it feels.
21	COMMISSIONER COOK: Then there is a lab tech at
22	the beginning of the process?
23	MS. VICKREY: I just need somebody that can
24	pull the trailer because you really have to be able to
25	negotiate that trailer in and out of a lot of spaces,

1	and so that even becomes challenging up here. We need
2	to take them somewhere.
3	MR. COLLIER: Would that person be located in
4	Las Vegas?
5	MS. VICKREY: Yes, yes.
6	MR. TRACE: And Lynn, sometimes that trailer
7	gets ahead of you, right?
8	MR. HETTRICK: We get a lot of publicity,
9	though. Al, you want to throw your comments in now or
10	do you want to wait?
11	MR. TRACE: I will if this time is good. I
12	don't know if I said last month or commented that,
13	talking growth, we, DFA Nevada and northern Nevada grew
14	28 percent versus last year, so I don't know if I threw
15	that out, but that's good stuff given the drought we've
16	been in and the low prices. We've got a ways to go.
17	So I'm not going to speak too much about
18	anything. Nothing has changed much from DFA or the
19	industry from what I said last month, but I did want to
20	throw something out here for public discussion.
21	I wanted to make everybody aware that, and
22	maybe you know this, that the Reno City Council at their
23	January 27th meeting had a presentation from some folks
24	about GMO products and GMO mandatory labeling. Is
25	anybody aware of that?

1	It just came on our radar screen and it's	
2	important to us. I want it to be on your radar screen.	
3	It was a grassroots effort led by a group calling	
4	themselves GMO Nevada and Grassroots Action Network, and	
5	their purpose of coming to the Reno City Council was to	
6	convince Reno to join other like-minded cities, and they	
7	listed examples of San Francisco, LA, Santa Monica, to	
8	require mandatory labeling for GMO products.	
9	MR. COLLIER: What specifically is a GMO	
10	product?	
11	MR. TRACE: GMO-free. It's genetically	
12	modified organisms. It's been around forever, and it	
13	would affect all food. It's been I think milk, cows	
14	are GMO-free, the milk is GMO-free, but the feed is not	
15	GMO-free, and it's been going on for years. Feed	
16	producers, growers use it. If you get higher yields,	
17	you have to use less pesticides, less herbicides.	
18	The people against the technology are stating	
19	it causes liver cancer, autism, diabetes.	
20	COMMISSIONER COOK: There was just a report	
21	that came out from the UN that basically they said	
22	there's no problem with GMO.	
23	MR. HETTRICK: I think what Chris is addressing	
24	is one that came out that said GMO is harmless and has	
25	no impact, you can't find any scientific backing	

1	whatsoever that it is having any issue whatsoever.			
2	MR. TRACE: I don't think it is. The numbers			
3	are overwhelming to me, I can't kind them straight, but			
4	by the year 2030 or something, we're going to grow 35			
5	million people or something to that effect, but it's			
6	going to be hard to feed the impoverished world if you			
7	can't use technology, and this is really misguided,			
8	misled information.			
9	It reminds me of the rBST-free. It's a			
10	marketing ploy and it scares people like us, quite			
11	honestly, because I think of Model Dairy, if they wanted			
12	GMO I kind of think I know where their parent company			
13	comes down on this. They're our largest customer across			
14	the United States, but we wouldn't have any milk.			
15	The rBST was a little easier which is a natural			
16	producing hormone in a cow, but that was just by			
17	removing the needle. Things like this, there's feed in			
18	the pipeline for years and they're making agri			
19	businesses feel almost ashamed or un-American and it			
20	should be the other way. We should be pointing our			
21	fingers at them, this is my personal opinion, and say			
22	you people, how are we supposed to you know, talk			
23	about sustainability. This is a sustainability story.			
24	COMMISSIONER COOK: These are the same people			
25	that have the financial luxury of being able to indulge			

1	in the eat local, eat organic, do all the things and can
2	pay the extra cost without regard to the segments of the
3	whole population that are
4	MR. TRACE: And I'm not sure how it works. I
5	think it has to be a State decision, I'm not sure, but
6	some states, Vermont is going that way and it's just a
7	mess for lack of a better word as far as segregating in
8	this case milk, and I heard Dannon yogurt is soon to
9	announce that they're going to be GMO-free and that came
10	out of their CEO's office in France. The management in
11	America is saying I don't know how we can make this
12	happen.
13	COMMISSIONER COOK: Labeling issues are all
14	federal, aren't they?
15	MR. TRACE: I don't know. I somewhat think
16	I've got to plead ignorance here, I'm not sure. All I
17	know is it scares us to death and I just wanted I
18	don't know what stance, if any, the Commission or the
19	Department of Ag should have or does have, but I just
20	wanted you to be aware of it and I think we need to be
21	out in front of it because it does scare us. If this
22	thing comes down the line, it's going to be a challenge,
23	for lack of a better word.
24	Having said that, I don't know what the
25	Department can do or what we can do, but I think one

1	thing we somewhat as an industry need to circle our			
2	wagons and point our fingers back and say it's you			
3	people who are un-American. We're trying to feed the			
4	world here with the cheapest food ever and we can't do			
5	it with this kind of misguided information.			
6	So anyhow, I just kind of want to put that out			
7	there today and make everybody aware. If you're			
8	interested, I got the names of the people. They're all			
9	local, and I don't know any of them myself, but it was a			
10	whole presentation at their January City Council meeting			
11	and I think it's going to take more of that to get			
12	wheels under it and get traction, but when you see			
13	something like that, it's bothersome.			
14	MS. VICKREY: I believe at the last legislative			
15	session, didn't they kill a bill that was looking at the			
16	labeling for GMOs?			
17	MR. HETTRICK: I know at least one legislative			
18	session, and maybe more, it did come out and what I			
19	remember coming out of the legislative session was they			
20	were trying to demand that anything that had GMO in it			
21	had to be labeled as GMO, and what the legislative			
22	response was, well, rather than forcing 90 percent of			
23	the people to put on a label that says has GMO, why not			
24	have the ten percent brag about the fact that they don't			
25	and you guys go ahead and label any way you want, and if			

1	you want to brag that you're non GMO, good for you, put		
2	it on your label, and that was left that way.		
3	I think it should be addressed legislatively		
4	and I think DFA should get involved along with, frankly,		
5	Anderson and Meadow Gold, Model and everybody else and		
6	come back and say, listen, we have no way to control		
7	what some guy feeds his cows. We don't we have no		
8	way to go backward, we can't guarantee you that it's GMO		
9	or not, and you are going to cause significant price		
10	increases and it's going to have an impact on people,		
11	it's going to have an impact on schools, it's going to		
12	have an impact on everybody.		
13	COMMISSIONER COOK: That raises an interesting		
14	issue. Can you have GMO, but all organic? Because		
15	isn't the organic claim just that there's no pesticides		
16	or herbicides used?		
17	MR. HETTRICK: It's not even that. It's		
18	minimal, but limited use of certain types of pesticides		
19	is organic.		
20	COMMISSIONER COOK: If you use a GMO seed that		
21	has been genetically modified to sort of self-protect		
22	against the pests that		
23	MR. TRACE: Well, as we speak, at DFA we do		
24	have some at the corporate level discussions going on		
25	with our customers and our partners about this. So		
L	Depo International, LLC		

1	then, Lynn, if I'm understanding, the City of Reno	
2	couldn't do anything on their own, right?	
3	MR. HETTRICK: No, I think they could.	
4	MR. TRACE: They could, okay.	
5	MR. HETTRICK: My thought would be you need to	
6	go to the legislature and say you need to make this a	
7	state issue, not a city by city issue. Everybody is	
8	going to have a different label, everybody is going to	
9	have a different requirement, the cost of doing this is	
10	going to be prohibitive, this makes no sense whatsoever.	
11	COMMISSIONER COOK: No, you black market milk.	
12	It will come from retail stores on the other side of the	
13	county line.	
14	MR. HETTRICK: Now we're going to be GMO	
15	labeling raw milk, right? It's just beyond I do	
16	think that it needs to be taken back and say, look, if	
17	there's going to be GMO labeling, it needs to be a	
18	statewide thing and we need to think about it so we have	
19	some uniformity and we don't have just all over the	
20	ballpark because it's impossible to do, and that should	
21	be the argument that's made is if you want to do this,	
22	and then I think at the legislature, the argument would	
23	be this really makes no sense. The science doesn't	
24	support it and we shouldn't do it.	
25	MR. TRACE: So is that something, so I can	

1	understand in my mind, that in the next legislative			
2	session, somebody like a DFA should take that, or that			
3	would go to the Department and you take that on our			
4	behalf, or how does that			
5	MR. HETTRICK: We can't take anything to the			
6	legislature without the Governor approving it because			
7	it's an executive branch BDR, bill draft request.			
8	What I would suggest is getting ahold of one of			
9	the ag Senators which would be Settelmeyer, Goicoechea,			
10	some of that group and getting somebody to introduce a			
11	bill that says any GMO labeling has to come at the State			
12	level to avoid the city by city, county by county that			
13	would be cost prohibitive and not benefit anyone, and			
14	try to get that on, and that's not an argument that you			
15	don't do it per se.			
16	It's an argument that it needs to be uniform			
17	and reasonable, and then you get into the science of			
18	whether or not it really justifies doing it, but the			
19	first bill could say, well, if we're going to do it, it			
20	needs to be done statewide.			
21	MR. TRACE: So the City of Reno, and I guess			
22	maybe you can't answer that, could this be something			
23	they could enact, I don't want to say overnight, that's			
24	an exaggeration, but at a pretty rapid pace?			
25	MR. HETTRICK: I would think they could do it			

1 as fast as they can do an ordinance, and I'm positive
2 they would give you time or whomever time to change it
3 because, as you point out, they've got to have some
4 realization that stuff is in the pipeline and you've got
5 to have an opportunity to source and everything else to
6 be able to get out of it.

7 It would be interesting because I think Reno 8 would be really hurting themselves. I think a whole lot 9 of California companies who ship a lot of milk into Reno 10 would look at that and say too small a market for us to 11 worry about, we'll sell our milk in California, thanks, 12 and there might be some real issues.

MR. TRACE: There would be a lot of people inReno with no milk for the Cheerios for quite awhile.

MR. HETTRICK: Yeah, and that's my point is without anybody having to do an organized we're going to withdraw our milk, they'd withdraw their milk simply on the basis of cost.

MR. WARD: For the record, Deputy Attorney General Harry Ward. I think if the City of Reno tried to do that, you would have to follow the open meeting laws, you'd have public comments, so there would be I think a lot of public input.

24 MR. TRACE: Okay. And maybe we're just jumping 25 the gun, but not so as we work in all the states across

1	the country. This happened in January and we haven't	
2	heard anything since, but anyhow, okay.	
3	MR. HETTRICK: It needs to stay on the radar	
4	and watch the open meeting law notices and all those	
5	things. He makes a very good point. If you keep	
6	watching the notices, then if and when they ever	
7	schedule another meeting regarding GMO labeling, there	
8	should be a whole bunch of people show up and say you're	
9	going to drive the cost of dairy products right through	
10	the roof and you aren't going to be seeing this fitting	
11	in very well in school lunch budgets and a whole lot of	
12	things if you do this, especially on a one city basis.	
13	MR. TRACE: Could you imagine somebody like	
14	Model who sells their milk not just in Reno, but other	
15	places, too, just the madness that would cause them to	
16	segregate milk and	
17	MR. HETTRICK: Yeah, the cost would be	
18	atrocious. So anyway	
19	MR. TRACE: Mr. Chairman, that's all I had. I	
20	just wanted to make sure that we're all on the same page	
21	with that.	
22	COMMISSIONER COOK: It certainly is something	
23	that's going to bear some watching. Dave, do you have	
24	anything you want to add to the consideration of any	
25	other matters relating to the dairy industry?	
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1	MR. COON: No, Mr. Chairman. Just happy to be			
2	here.			
3	COMMISSIONER COOK: Happy to see you.			
4	MR. HETTRICK: Glad to have you here.			
5	COMMISSIONER COOK: Okay.			
6	MR. HETTRICK: We're all done, Mr. Chairman.			
7	MR. WARD: For the record, Harry Ward and this			
8	is not in my official capacity. I want to commend the			
9	Dairy Commission and in particular Deputy Director Lynn			
10	Hettrick and Moolissa for attending the Bring Your Child			
11	to Work Day at the AG's office. I think Moolissa was a			
12	big hit.			
13	This may relate to, I guess, agenda item number			
14	five that you guys talked about. I think it was the			
15	biggest hit at our Bring Your Child to Work Day. You			
16	did a great job and I want to commend you.			
17	COMMISSIONER COOK: We had our cow at the			
18	Attorney General's Office?			
19	MR. HETTRICK: They had a Bring Your Child to			
20	Work Day and we got an invite to bring Moolissa down and			
21	have her there and we brought her down and she was a hit			
22	and the kids loved her. They would come back and back			
23	and back. They loved her.			
24	COMMISSIONER COOK: I can see that. This is			
25	the law library, this is a fake cow. Where would your			

1	attention go if you were a kid?			
2	MR. HETTRICK: It was a lot of fun to do and it			
3	was convenient, it was brief, and it was cold and we			
4	left her in the trailer and people liked to go in there			
5	because it was out of the wind, so we were very popular.			
6	COMMISSIONER COOK: Good. Glad to hear that.			
7	MR. HETTRICK: Yeah, we appreciate the comment.			
8	COMMISSIONER COOK: Anything else that needs to			
9	be addressed, discussed, kicked around, chewed on, spit			
10	out? Nothing? Then we will adjourn the meeting.			
11	(The proceedings concluded at 1:30 p.m.)			
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!	5 CHAIRMAN CHRISTOPHER COOK
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1	l JOHN COLLIER, Member
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1	3 TROY CROWTHER, Member
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1	STATE OF NEVADA)	
2	COUNTY OF WASHOE) ss.	
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4	I, DIANNE M. BRUMLEY, a Certified Court Reporter	
5	and Notary Public for the County of Washoe, State of	
6	Nevada, do hereby certify that on, the	
7	day of, 2016, I reported the	
8	Nevada Dairy Commission meeting;	
9	That the foregoing transcript is a true and	
10	correct transcript of the stenographic notes of	
11	testimony taken by me in the above-captioned matter to	
12	the best of my knowledge, skill and ability.	
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18	DIANNE M. BRUMLEY, NEVADA CCR #205	
19	CALIFORNIA CSR #6796	
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